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increase the number of known nebulæ; but the discovery of new nebulæ, all of which would necessarily be faint, seems to be much less important than the gain of further information about nebulæ already known. For this reason no search has been made for new objects, though a catalogue will be made in due time of those which have been found in the course of other investigations.

J. E. K.

COMET NOTES.

Since its rediscovery by Mr. Perrine on the morning of June 11th,* Holmes's Comet has been regularly observed here, but, so far as is known at present, it has not been seen elsewhere. The rediscovery position enabled Mr. Zwiers to correct his search ephemeris very satisfactorily. Five observations secured by the writer between August 11th and September 9th give average residuals of only + 0°.66 in R. A. and + 9".2 in Decl. (0.-C.) to the revised ephemeris.

The comet on the last-named date was still very faint, not as bright as a fourteenth-magnitude star, and showed only a slight central condensation, no true nucleus. Unless it exhibits some of the unexpected light changes that made its former apparition so remarkable, it is likely to remain beyond the reach of all but the most powerful telescopes.

Comet Tempel II has also been observed regularly here since its rediscovery on May 6th of the present year. At first very faint, it became bright enough to be an easy object in a small telescope in the latter part of July. It is now losing light rapidly; but on the night of September 26th it was still readily visible in the 3½-inch finder of the 12-inch telescope, being about as bright as a tenth-magnitude star. The nucleus, though now quite faint, — about thirteenth-magnitude — is still clearly marked. The comet reached its greatest southern Declination about the 11th of September, and is now moving north and east. It will, therefore, remain in good position for observation for some months to come.

R. G. AITKEN.

September 27, 1899.

Note on the Seeing at Mt. Hamilton.

While in the East, during the present summer, I met several astronomers who referred to the good seeing at Mt. Hamilton, as

^{*}See these Publications, No. 68, p. 134.